

## EFFECTS OF PRE AND POSTEMERGENCE HERBICIDES IN VEGETATIVE GROWTH AND SUSCEPTIBILITY TO *ROSELLINIA NECATRIX* OF HASS GRAFTED NURSERY PLANTS A-165

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Over a period of two years vegetative growth and susceptibility to *Rosellinia necatrix* (Hart) were studied in potted Hass/Topa-Topa plants. The preemergence herbicides oxyfluorfen, isoxaben, terbutetone + terbutilazine, oryzaline, trifluraline and simazine and the contact-translocation glyphosate, sulfosate, ammonium glufosinate and paraquat + diquat, were all soil applied. The growing media was vapour disinfected soil and peat moss. After one year half the plants received 20 g of dry sterilised manure and a 4 cm thick almond shells mulch. Shoot growth up to grafting time was biggest for the control trees but differences were significant ( $p < 0.05$ ) only for isoxaben, trifluralin and terbutetone + terbutilazine. For the whole experiment their trunk caliber was smaller than control but differences were not statistically significant. After the final inoculation with *R. necatrix*, in the plants without manure-mulch only the trees with isoxaben, terbutetone – terbutilazine and oryzaline showed a logistic death rate significantly higher than control. Only oxyfluorfen caused a quick development of symptoms after inoculation and therefore could not be included in the same logistic model. Rates for paraquat + diquat were significantly smaller than control. Simazine had also slightly, but not significantly, lower rates. The other treatments were similar to control. With the manure-mulch all treatments had rates similar to control except trifluraline that had it significantly higher. For a given herbicide death rates were similar for unfertilized and manure-mulched trees. Only trifluraline had a smaller rate in manure-mulched trees.