

Quality in Distant Markets

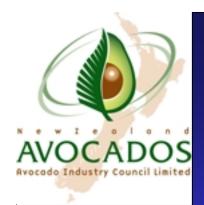
Dr Henry Pak
Dr Jonathan Dixon

Avocado Industry Council Ltd



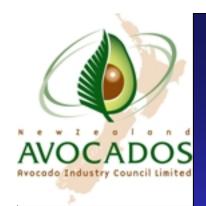
Introduction

- Quality problems in distant markets
- Outline New Zealand solution
- Monitoring fruit quality
- Feedback to improve quality



Major limitations to quality in distant markets

- Transport time = fruit age
- Storage/shipping conditions
- Rotsgreen fruit rotsripe rots



Orchard

Packhouse

Transportation

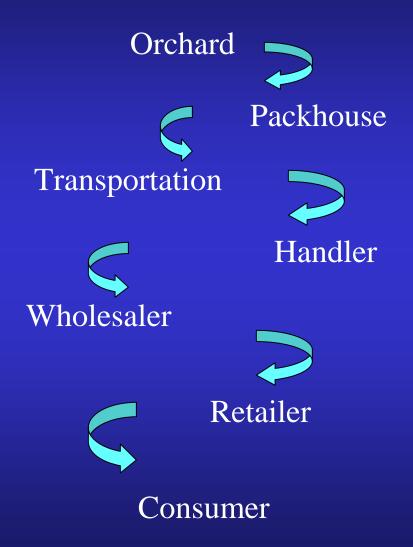
Handler

Wholesaler

Retailer

Consumer



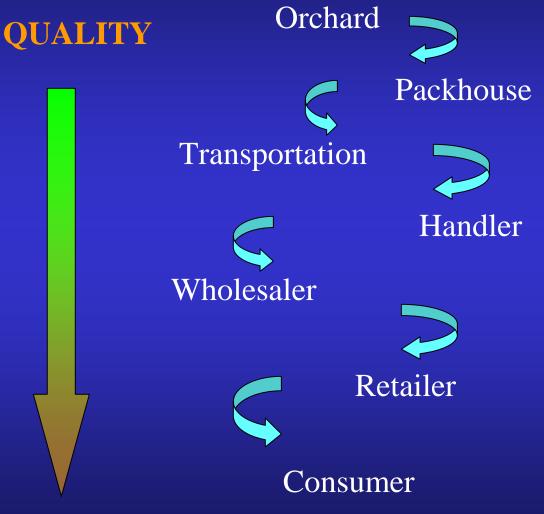




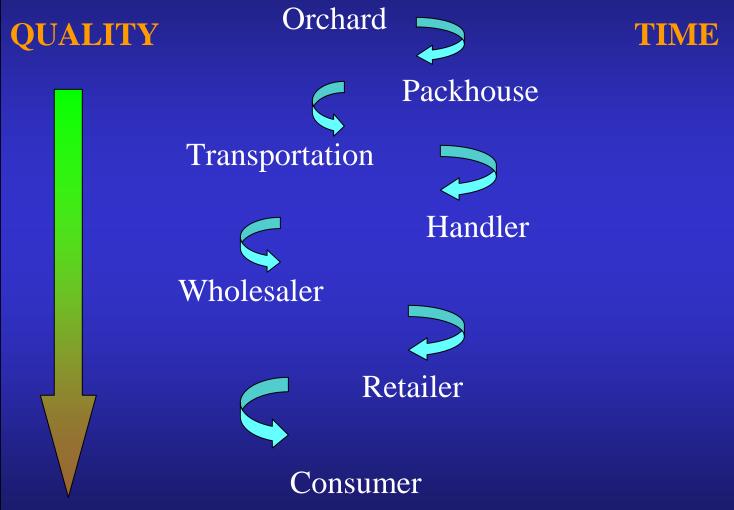
QUALITY

Orchard Packhouse Transportation Handler Wholesaler Retailer Consumer

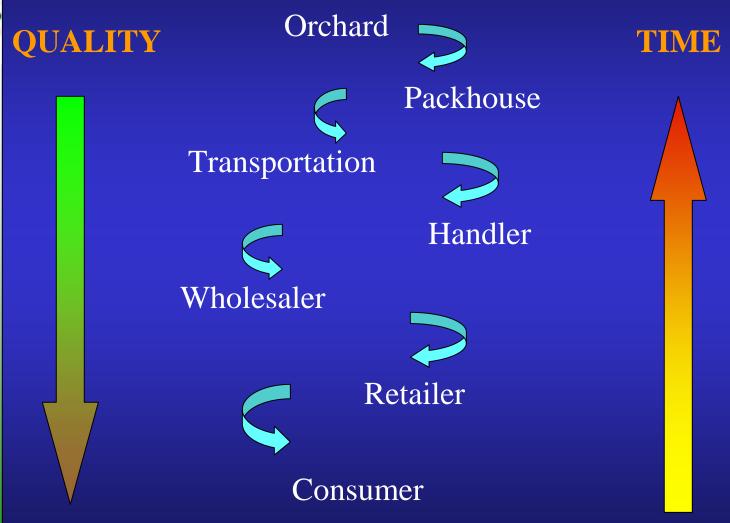










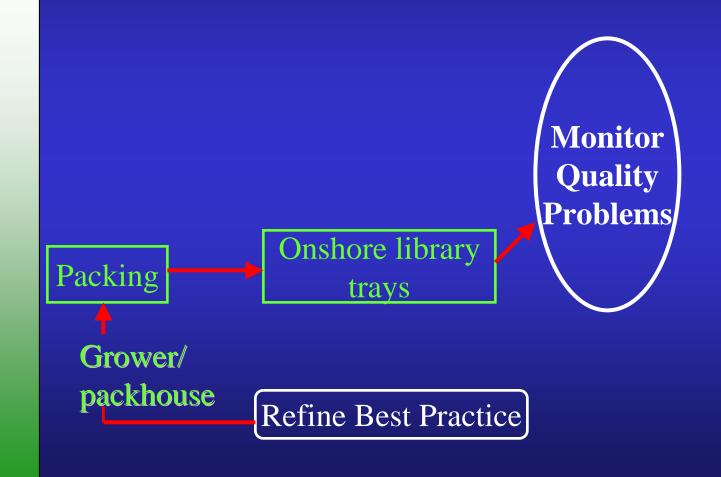




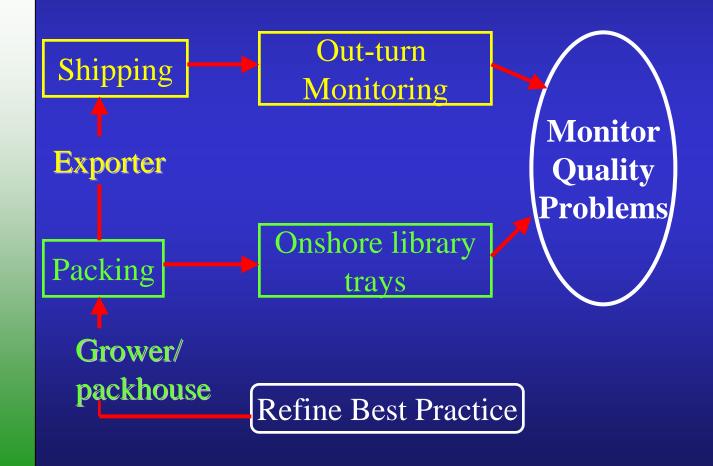
Grower/
packhouse

Refine Best Practice

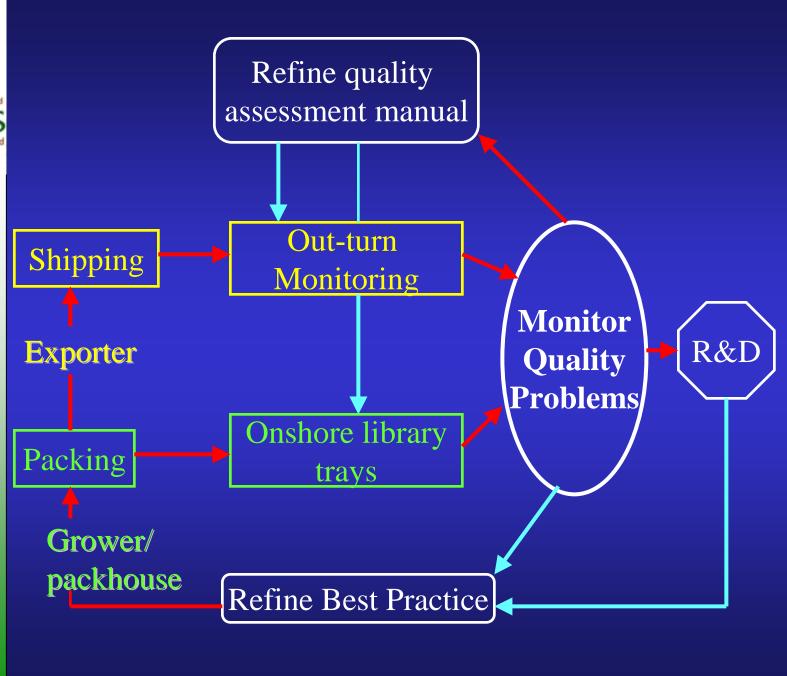


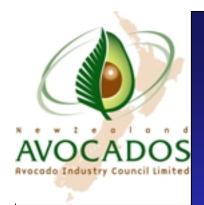












Quality Assessment

- Standardized AIC fruit quality assessment manual
- Fruit assessed at two stages:
 - Green (unripe)
 - after coolstorage
 - external
 - Ripe
 - ripened at 20 °C
 - firmness 85+
 - internal



USA Best Practice Manual

- Identifies factors throughout the production chain which impact on fruit quality
- small increments in quality = major improvement in out-turn



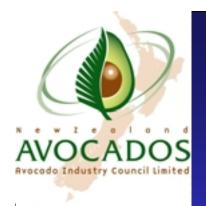
Onshore library trays

- Main source of feedback on quality for grower
- Localize problem onshore/offshore



Out-turn Monitoring

- Impartial assessor/confidentiality
- Jonathan Dixon based in LA for 4 months
- Joint programme with exporters
- Active participation of USA handlers
- P-PINS ability to trace fruit to grower by pick date
- Last chance to monitor quality



Incidence and severity of disorders USA Out-turn

Green Fruit	Incidence	<u>Severity</u>
Discrete patches	2.7	0.2
Fuzzy patches	26.8	0.7
Peel damage	89.4	10.1
Ripe fruit		
Stem end rot	56.0	1.7
Vascular browning	19.8	7.5
Rots	49.8	3.4



The Feedback Phase





Feedback pathways

Grower:

- Library trays via shed
- ⇒ modify orchard practice

Packhouse:

- Library trays
- Out-turn reports via exporter
- ⇒ refine handling practice
- ⇒ modify picking practice (picking gangs)
- ⇒ effectiveness of spray programmes



Feedback pathways (cont'd)

Exporter:

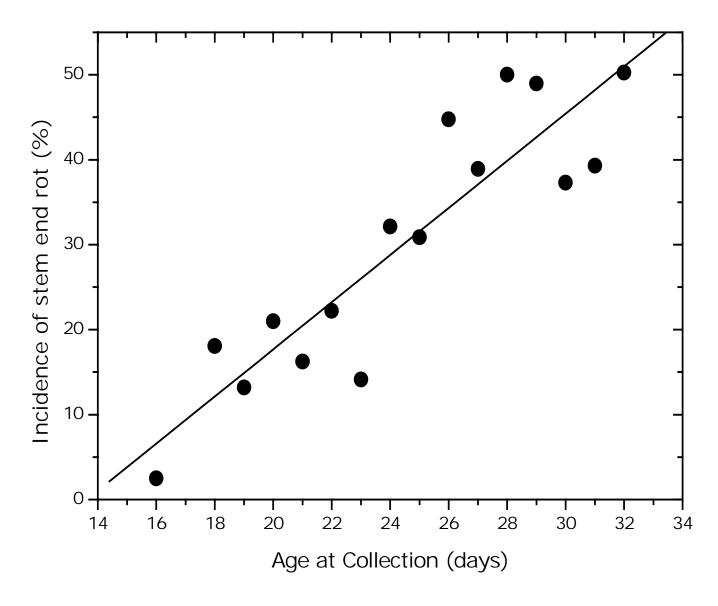
- Out-turn data via AIC
- Shed/grower assessments
- Shipment summaries
- Digital images
- ⇒ modify shipping systems
- ⇒ modify loadout temperatures



Fruit Age

- Time from pick to ripe
- Major impact on fruit quality







Shipping system

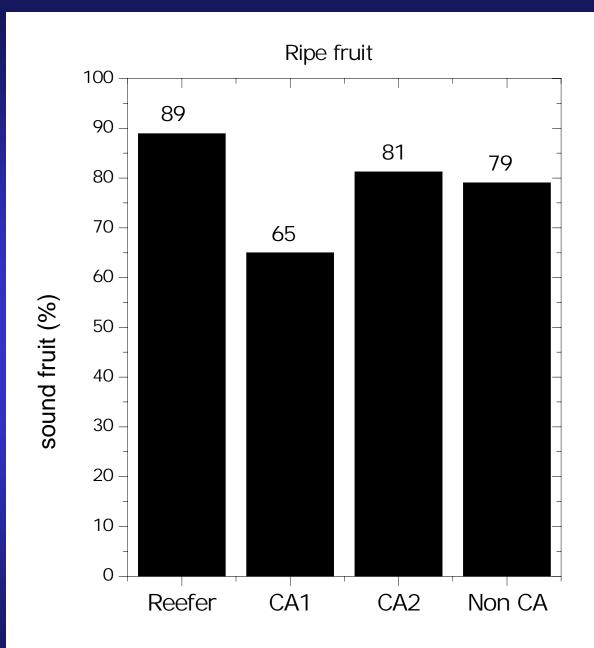
- Reefers vs containers
- Containers:
 - conventional vscontrolled atmosphere

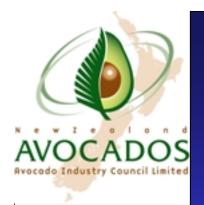
PORT OF TAURANGA











Chilling Injury

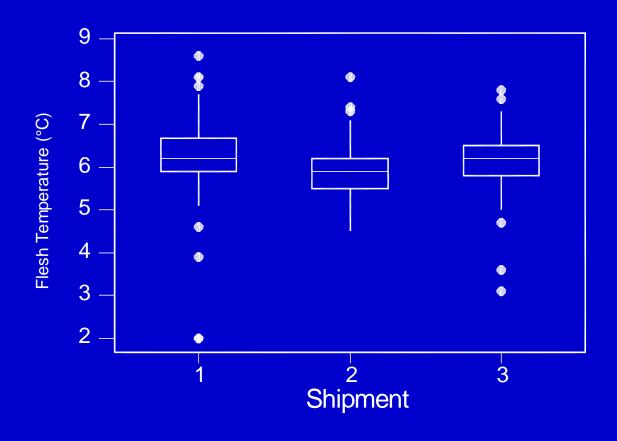
- Similarity to green fruit rots in CA
- When does injury occur?
- R&D Influence of CA on expression of symptoms

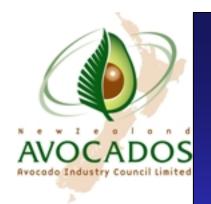


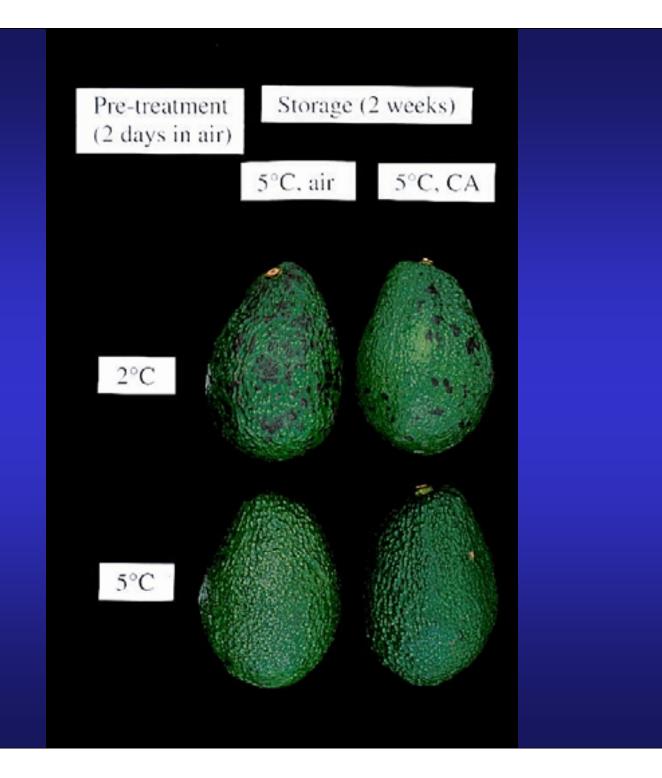




Fruit Temperature Audits



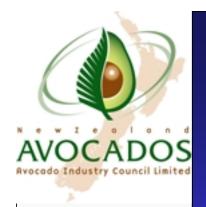






Conclusions

- System has been successful
- Identified several factors impacting on fruit quality
- Remedial action taken
- Further improvement expected as handling practices modified



Industry Structure

- Leadership role of AIC
- Dependent on co-operation of industry participants, especially exporters
- Seamless integration of all sectors
- Needs a cohesive industry structure
- Support of USA handlers critical



The future

- Major improvements in handling and shipping systems
- Consistent quality opening up new markets
- Distance no longer an issue to quality in the market